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# **GLARE OF FLAMES** AWOKE GUESTS

Occupants of the Lexington Aroused by Fire in Building Near By.

#### TYPE FOUNDRY BURNS WADDEY'S DAMAGED

Big Blaze Early This Morning in Dangerous Locality - Women Flee From Rooms 4 in Their Night Robes-Three Sixes.

Lexington Hotel was seriously threatened by fire early this morning, and the building was somewhat

Foundry just west of the rear part of the hotel was burned to the ground and Waddey Company was greatly damaged.

fire was discovered at 2:35 and an alarm turned in from box 13 at Twelfth and Main Streets, was followed in less than two minutes by the second alarm, and finally by three sixes, which brought every piece of fire apparatus in the city to the scene. The fire broke out in the type foundry, which has several times burned. This building in on what is known as Church Court, and is directly behind the State Bank of Virginia. It is a small, two-story bricking. It is a small, two-story brick re, and stood on the site, or very where the original Second Bap-arch stood.

#### Made Rapid Headway.

Made Kapid Headway.

When the first alarm was sounded the structure was in a light blaze, and the roof was falling in. When the department reached the place the southwest corner of the Lexington Hotel was in a light blaze and every window had to be knocked out by streams of water, which leluged the rooms where guests were deeping. That they fiel in their night obes and screaming in terror as they went, does not begin to describe the wild cene then enacted. The firemen at once

saw that the type foundry was gone, and while they kept this fierce blaze down, their attention was turned mainly to the surrounding buildings, which are among the most valuable in the city.

As stated, the State Bank of Virginia was to the north just across a harrow alley, the printing department of the Everett Waddey Company was almost touching the blazing foundry, while the Merchants National Bank and the store of the Waddey Company were in close proximity.

roximity. Waddey's printing office was the next o catch after the hotel. This structure, hich is four stories tall, contained on in first floor the presses of the plant, he type setting machines and cases ro on the second floor and on the third our arc the "rulers," where paper is sevened floully for shipment. Supplies eparated from the store by an which is an elevated bridge, office stands. The place was

#### Excitement in Hotel.

e at the Lexington Hotel begescription. Guests had been from their slumbers at 2:45 by a up of ice cold water upon them, others had been aroused by ing on their doors. Men, wothers with infants in their arms, he great rush to the office. Few men had on more than an underdd a pair of trousers, while the were in night robes or blankets thrown around them.

form of Senator George B. Keezell, of Rockingham, who appeared in trousers and shirt and no suspenders. At 4 o'clock this morning the fire was under control, but still burning. The

damage could not then be estimated.

#### DOESN'T BELIEVE THEY WILL AGREE

Mohammed El Torres, Moroccan Foreign Minister, Thinks Conference Will Fail.

(By Associated Press.) ALGECIRAS, SPAIN, January 17 .- The delegates of the Moroccan conference today took a day of leisure in order to enable the secretaries to get ready for their work, and indulged in private conversations among themselves or spent the time in preparing, with their junior colleagues, for the discussion of the surveillance of contraband arms in Morocco, the first

contraband arms in Morocco, the first question to be discussed at the next meeting. 'While the talk among the Ambassadors is all conciliation and harmony, Mohammed El Torres, the Moroccan foreign minister and head of the mission of Morocco and Mokri, the Sultain's principal agents, do not believe that the conference will

Budgett Meakin, an eminent authority

Budgett Meakin, an eminent authority on Morocco, had a prolonged conversation to-day in Arable with Mohammed El Tor-res, and repeated to the Associated Press the Moorish view, as follows: Mohammed El Torres will be a pas-

Mohammed El Torres will be a passive observer at the conference until henters the last stage. If the powers do not agree the conference will fail to pleces of itself without the Moors lifting a finger. If, however, the powers accept, a general plan of control of Morocco, the Sultan cannot be asked to submit to anything that will insult the faith or provoke a rebellion among his own people. The powers will hestiate before facing an international military occupation of Moroccô to impose a scheme occupation of Morocco to impose a scheme of administration.



SENATOR BENJA MIN R. TILLMAN,

Coal Miners and Employes to Confer On Wage Agreement.

#### RESULT OF CORRESPONDENCE

Conference Within a Month or Immediately Following Present Convention.

(By Associated Press.)

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., January 17 .-It is generally understood among the leaders of the miners' organization nov in convention here, that arrangements are progressing preliminary to a meeting of the anthracite miners representa tives and operators of that district. The ence within the next month or immediately following the present convention

There are indications that the correscondence that is now passing between President Mitchell and anthracite operabresident Mitchell and anthracte opera-tors deals simply with the question of whether or not the operators will re-ceive him as the representative of the Mine Workers' Union. It is believed that if this is not granted, he and the an-thracite Mine Workers' Committee will meet the operators simply as representa-tives of the mine workers.

President Mitchell to-day announced

Prepare for Wage War. Organization of the Wage Scale Com-mittee, which was affected at a meeting

held at 7 o'clock to-night, was the first step toward the paramount business of the convention of the United Mine Work-

jority of the delegates that their requests

osition will come before the convention for setigment. If any reference is made to it, in my opinion it will be merely in-cidental. The anthracite conference will cidental. The anthracite conference will determine that matter."

#### FIELD FUNERAL TRAIN ON WAY TO CHICAGO

By Associated Press,
NEW YORK, January 17.—The special train bearing the body of Marshall Field to Chicago left to-day, and its route will be over the New York Central and the Lake Shore. It is expected that Lake Shore. It is expected that the party will arrive in Chicago about noon

would be buried in Graceland Cemetery. It is still undecided whether the funeral will be held from his residence or from the First Presbyterian Church.

## CHAMBERLAIN CHECKS LIBERAL LANDSLIDE

All Seven Districts of Birmingham Elected the Unionist Candidates.

Candidates.

(By Associated Press.)

BIRMINGHAM, ENG., January 17.—

Birmingham to any remained true to Joseph Chamberlain, electing all of his candidates in the seven divisions. The Liberals had been optimistically expecting that the results throughout the country would affect Birmingham, but even the Liberal sweep was not able to overcome Mr. Chamberlain's great personal popularity.

Immense crowds stood for hours in City Hall Square, awaiting the results. When the figures were presented there was fremendous cheering. The enthuslasm indicated the anxiety of Birmingham to send Mr. Chamberlain back to Parliament with a solid Unionist contingent.

Mr. Chamberlain himself did not come to the City Hall to-night, but received the returns at his home. His majority was 5,000. Enthusiastic crowds are parading the streets to-night.

Candidate of French Republicans Received 449 Votes in Yesterday's Election.

#### IS DEVOTED TO SIMPLE LIFE

New Head of the French Republic is the Grandson of a Blacksmith.

(By Associated Press.)

PARIS, January 17.—M. Clement Armand Fallieres was to-day elected president of France on the first ballot. The vote stood:
Fallieres, 449; Doumer, 371; scattering.

The National Assembly met this after

The National Assembly met this afternoon in the congress hall of the Royal
ralace at Versailles for the election. The
scatest interest was manifested in the
troceedings, which, however, were very
prolonged. The members of the assemoly voted in alphabetical order.
Chiers were raised whenever a popular
legislator or statesman deposited his bailot in the urn, each group applauding its
teaders and hooting the leaders of opposing groups. Several aged senators who
were obviously ill, received the assistance of the ushers when mounting the
tribune,
Finally stience proclaimed the end of

Finally stience proclaimed the end of the balloting, and all present eagerly awaited the announcement of the result. Then when the first figures—M. Fallieres, 446, and M. Doumer, 371—were given out there was an outburst of enthusiam, which was renewed when the corrected figures, giving M. Fallieres 449, and thus increasing his already clear majority, were announced.

M. Fallieres returned to Detail of the control of the co

M. Fallieres returned to Paris from Versallies, escorted by a military guard of nonor. He will take over his new duties

honor. He will take over his new duties February 18th.

After spending a brief period at the official residence which he occupies as president of the Senate, M. Fallieres went to the Elyse Pakoe to visit President Loubet, who warmly congratulated the

Doubet, who warmly congratulated the President-elect.

M. Fallieres is noted for his devotion to a simple country life. Whenever opportunity offers he returns to his birthplace, Mezin, the home of his ancestors through hundreds of years.

In his youth, the President-elect apparently gave no indication of capacity for a brilliant future, and it is even seed that

In his youth, the President-elect apparently gave no indication of capacity for a brilliant future, and it is even said that in his school days he was somewhar indolent. However, he succeeded in taking degrees in letters and in the sciences and as a student at law passed creditable examinations.

After concluding his term as a law student, M. Fallieres returned home and for some time seemed to justify the prediction of his father that he would not be successful in his career. However, he plunged suddenly into work, became a close student, soon obtained official appointments, entered politics and made that rapid progress which has just resulted in his selection as head of the French Republic.

M. Fallieres was born in 1841. He is the son of a magistrate's clerk and is the grandson of a blacksmith.

He has been President of the Senate and has held four cabinet portfolios.

M. Fallieres took an active part in the religious question, opposing at first the proposition for the separation of Church and State, but later energetically advocated the repression of the clergy.

#### DEATH OF GEMANY'S FOREIGN SECRETARY

(By Associated Press.)
BERLIN, January 17.—Baron Von
Richthofen, secretary of foreign affairs,
died to-night.

Baron Richthofen, who has been German secretary of foreign affairs since October, 1900, was born in 1847 at Jasey in Roumania. He was the son of a former Prussian diplomatist of the same name. He had a distinguished military career in the campaigns of 1866 and 1870, and was decorated with the iron cross for gallantry at the battle of Mrs. La Tour, where his regiment lost forty-one officers and 1.119 men. Subsequently he held several important positions in the foreign office.

#### SWANSON AT MEETING OF BELMONT COMMITTEE

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Jan 11.—The publicity bill national committee met here to-day and forme a organization with Perry Belm act of Congress providing for publicity in the receipts and expenditures of all political parties. Among those present were Governor-elect Swanson, of Virginia, United Parties, and Cromwell Gibbons, of Florida. (By Associated Press.) Sun rises.... 7:34 Sun sets.... 5:18 Moon rises...12:54

# TILLMAN PLEADS FOR WOMANHOOD

Senator Sends a Sizzling Bomb Into the President's Chivalry.

#### AGGRAVATED BY MORRIS INCIDENT

South Carolinian, in Tears, Demands An Investigation, and Ignores Earnest Plea of Daniel Not to Present His Resolution.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., January 17.— The recent forcible removal from the White House of Mrs. Minor Morris was made the subject of emphatic denuncia-His remarks called out remonstrances from Messrs. Hale, Hopkins and Daniel, doors and the sudden adjournment of the Senate in the middle of the afternoon. The speech abounded in Mr. Tillman'

peculiar expressions and was character zed by many severe and exceptionally personal thrusts at the President. At times he wept over what he regarded as

times he wept over what he regarded as
the indignities to Mrs. Morris, and his
eyes were full of tears when he declared
in the face of protests from his fellow senators that he would demand an investigation of the White House incident.
The reference to the treatment of Mrs.
Morris constituted the latter half of a
speech based upon the senator's resolution
making inquiry of the President concerning the status of our relations with the
Republic of Santo Domingo, and was
added to illustrate his theory that the
President's administration is tunding towards imperialism. In the first part of President's administration is tunding towards imperialism. In the first part of
the address he characterized the course
of the United States in Santo Domingo
as a great extension of the Monroe doctrine, and said that if pursued the policy
would lead the country into many sorious
complications. He accused the President
of putting the treaty into execution in the
face of the Senate's refusal to act, denounced (1) Senate as willing to submit
subserviently to all that is asked of it,
and implored senators to show their independence and thus such the Executive
a lesson and at the State time serve the
country.

country.
With reference to the Morris With reference to the Morris occur-rence, he declared that the President had been derelict in failing to punish his subordinates for their course and quoted statements from persons said to have been witnesses to show that the pro-ceeding had been inhuman. He informal-ity presented and said that he would to-morrow formally present a resolution for an investigation of the entire in-cident.

## Senator Daniel Protest

Senator Daniel Protes:

It was the introduction of this resolution which called out the protest from Mr. Deniel, while Mr. Hale objected to the presentation of the matter at all, except upon proof. Mr. Tillman declared his determination not to be guided by their advice and closed with the reliteration of his determination to bring in the resolution to-morrow. The announcement ocasioned a number of hurried conferences, and it is understood that as a result, Mr. Tillman will be urged not to carry out his purpose, prominent senators on both sides said that the resolution would command few votes.

Panama, pills on Roosevelt, pills on rail-road rates and pills on everything per-taining to public affairs are administered in this way. The newspapers have been the funnel through which this quack physic has ben sont abroad, and when some newspaper man reference. some newspaper man refuses to print that which the President wants, there (Continued on Seventh Page.)

### THE WEATHER

Forecast: Virginia—Rain Thursday; Friday, fair; fresh south, shifting to west, winds.

winds.

North Carolina—Fair in the coast region; rain in interior, Thursday; warmer;
Fiday, fair, except rain on the coast;
fresh southwest to south winds.

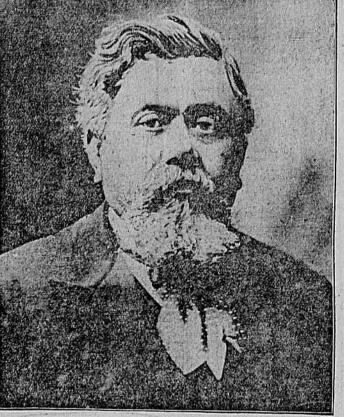
	Conditions	Yesterday.
9	A. M39	6 P. M
12	M47	9 P. M
3	P. M49	12 midnight
	(Average	45)

Highest temperature yesterday
Lowest temperature yesterday
Mean temperature yesterday
Normal temperature for January...
Departure from normal tempeature...

Thermometer Thi	s Day Last Year
9 A. M38	6 P. M
12 M44	9 P. M
3 P. M	12 mldnight
(Average	40 1-2.)
1 to 1 to 1 to 1	
Conditions in In	nportant Cities

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(At 8 P M. Bastorn Time.)
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Burrale, N. Y.,
Charleston
Chicago, Ill.,
Clindinnati, O.,
Galveston, Tex.,
Hatteras, N. C.,
Jacksonville
Koy Wost, Fla.,
New York City,
Norfolk, Va.,
Raleigh Weather, P. cloudy Clour Hain Clear 



M. CLEMENT ARM AND FALLIERES. Candidate of Republicans, who was elected yesterday to succeed M. Loubet as President of France.

# LAMB FINDS LOST HENRICO HERO

Representative's Hard Work in Republicans Offer Measures in the Diplomatic Department Has Been Rewarded.

## CROWDER FAMILY NOW HAPPY WOULD PROTECT ALL DOGS

Son, Who Left Uncle Sam to Fight the Boers, is Now On the Way Home.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 17.— Representative Lamb had the pleasure to-day of concluding a serial story at the drawn out, has involved a distressed Hendor in London, and several consuls of the State Department, and the Third District

The conclusion of the story was con-

as his illness prevented his traveling at he.

Cowder left home some years also.

Representative Lamb does no know the die of his departure from his father's farm in Henrico, but is hed ned to thick his first went away to serve in he a my against Spain in Cuba. At any rate, young Crowder w.s. of heard of for a long while, and when his family against received information of this whereabouts, he was serving under Kito ener against the Boers. Crowder was in the cavally branh of the service, "the o.se," as the British tirm it, and distinguished himself. There was a long period of since on the There was a long perion of sinches on the part of the soldler, and then the family besought Cu, tain Limb to interest himself in the case and endeavor to learn the whereabouts or the fats of the soldier of fortune. So the latter appealed to the soldier of fortune. So the latter appealed to the State Department, and Ambassador Choate was, in Februa y, 1995, dire ted to ascerialn side, info mat on as could be secured concerning Crowwer. There was further delay, while consuls and officials of the British Foreign Office busied themselves searching for the Henrico county boy. Finally, Consul Swalm, at Southampton, reported that Crowder had arrived on the relitary transport, Dilwara, on the 5th of December, List. He was mentally unbalanced and had to be taken to an infrinary. Not long afterwards, Mr. George Crowder, brose of the affleted man, arrived at Southampton from Henrico, and found the solder comfortably installed in a hospital. The porfellow was not able to recognise his brother, who had come from America to take him home.

Soldiers Start for Home,
George Crowder at once arranged to

take him home.

Soldiers Start for Home.

George Crowder at once arranged to start home with his brother and engaged passage on the steamship Philadelphia, which salled from Southempton on December 30th. Possibly the wanderer and his brother have already reached home, though there is no record of the fact at the State Department.

Crowder served with distinction, and the British government recognized the fact by awarding him a war medal of two clasps, which certified that he byl served in the war against the Boers as a trooper in Kitchener's horse. The government also paid over to the American ambassador the sum of \$260.21, representing pay due Crowder. This sum was paid to the soldier's brother, who acted as his guardian. The brother paid the local charges for infirmary treatment, which amounted to only about a shilling a day, and giving a pound note to the management of the hospital, left the institution for home shortly before noon on December 30th, accompanied by his brother. The Philadelphia soiled at noon of that day.

Bad for Bridge Bill. Bad for Bridge Bill.

Representative Rixey made an unsuccessful effort to-day to have the bill which Senator Daniel got through the Henate yeaterday, for the construction of a bridge across the Potomac here, referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia. The bill went to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce. It 

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

# RELIEVE VOTERS

Both Houses Amending Constitution.

Bill to Make Them Personal Property-Important Insurance Measure.

succeed Senator Martin for the term of six years from March 4, 1907. The senprimary, will be re-elected to succeed

me House offered a resolution amending the Constitution so as to abolish the Mr. Tallaferro presented a measure making dogs personal property and taxing Mr. Tallaferro presented a measure making dogs personal property and taxing them along with other personal effects.

Mr. Gaines tried to get through a joint resolution for the appointment of a committee to report upon the expediency of estalishing a State printing office, but upon roll call it was referred.

## In the Senate.

In the Senate.

There were a number of other bills and resolutions presented on the House side, and they all went to committees.

In the Senate, there was an important insurance bill offered by Mr. Lassier, It provides that fire insurance companies doing business in Virginia shall pay the ragents as much as they pay in any other State, under penalty of \$50 and revocation of license.

Mr. Dickenson (Republican), of Tazewell, offered in the Senate the resolution amendatory of the Constitution as to poll taxes, which was presented in the House by Mr. Royall.

The other measures offered in the upper branch were for the most part local in their nature.

#### THE SENATE.

Many Bills and Resolutions Offered-Investigate University. The session of the Senate began on time with President Wickham in the chair and about thirty-five members in attendance. Preliminary business was dispatched in a very few moments. There were no communication from the Execu-

(Continued on Third Page.)

## CITIZENS' COMMITTEE SHANGHAIS STRIKERS

Armed Men Capture Florida Union Cigarmakers and Ship Them to Havana.

(By Associated Press.)

KEY WEST, FLA. January 17.—The crisis came in the eigarmakers' strike to-day, when a second committee of the Torcedores Union refused to consider any proposition to settle the strike. On a signal given, the Citizens' Committee, seventy-five strong and heavily armed, surrounded the Torcedores Hall, captured the committee of twenty-five and escorted the committee of twenty-five and escorted them to the steamer Mascotte, which to night sailed for Havana. The criticism these men made concerning American workmen and the work done by the Citizens' Committee was the cause alleged for their deportation. The vagrant law, it is stated, will be strictly enforced, unless the men go to work. Four men who arrived from Tampa by the Massotte tonight were arrested and sent to Hayana.

# NOT CHOKING OFF **INVESTIGATION**

Ship Flatly Deny Report

Mr. Hamilton and Gen.

**EVEN UNIVERSITY** IS UNDER FIRE

Senator Strode Complains of Special Fee and the High Cost of Living There-V. P. I. Also Likely to Be Looked

tive session held last night in this city. itary Institute had elected officers for the ensuing year, considered the amount of the appropriation it will ask at the hands of the General Assembly, and transacted a mass of routine business, but so far as is known had touched upon no matters of widespread public importance. In view of the recent occurrences at the institute and of the present talk of an investigation by the Legislature, considerable interest was manifested about the Capitol and elsewhere in the gathering of members of the board. The meeting, however, was the regular midwinter sension and, according to the official statement made after adjournment, was devoted almost entirely to matters of dry routine. Mr. ...exander Hamflton, who at the time of the alleged rebellion among the cadets, led the movement for unyielding enforcement of discipline as opposed to the pacification plan of Governor Montague, and several other prominent gentlemen, was made chairman of the board for another term, and Colonel William T. Poague, who has served in the capacity of secretary for many years, was re-elected. In the matter of the appropriation a special committee was appointed to appear before the Legislature.

"Is Absolutely Untrue." ensuing year, considered the amo

"Is Absolutely Untrue."

"Is Absolutely Untrue."

Flat denial was made by both Mr. Hamilton and General Scott Shipp, superintendent of the Institute, of the report that pressure was being brought to bear to prevent a special legislative investigation. This report was circulating in certain quarters yesteday, but could not be definitely traced. Speaking of the matter, one well known Sent to., who is identified with the movement for an official inquiry into the affalls of the school at 1 he undersood that the institute authorities, or their representatives were in any some attempt to have the investigation, if there was to be an investigation of the term and the term of the school of the term of the school of the school

attitude of the board upon this point, Mr Hamilton was brief but to the point, say ing, in effect:

"The board of visitors of the Vir-ginia Military Institute hus no at-titude whatsoever upon this matter, We have done no hing to make us fear an inquiry and we are re; y for any investigation if the Lagislature desires to make one. The statement that pressure is being brought to bear to prevent an investigation is absolutely

Another Flat Denial. Similar statement was made by General Scott Shipp, the superintendent of the In-

stitute. General Shipp laughted at the idea that

General Shipp laughted at the idea that there was any movement to prevent a special investigation. He said:

"Any pressure brought to bear on the Legislature would have to come from the Board of Visitors or the superintendent of the institute. Mr. Hamilton speaks for the board. As for myself, the statement is untrue. There is no attempt whatsoever to prevent an investigation by the Legislature. On the contrary, we are ready for any investigation that the Legislature may desire to make."

Investigation Likely.

Investigation Likely.

Investigation Likely.

That there will be an inquiry of some sort into the affairs of both the Virginia Military Institute and the Virginia Polytechnic Institute seems now to be beyond question. Several members are known to be considering the advisability of introducing a resolution calling for a special investigation, and Senator Chapman, of Greene, has aiready publicly declared that either he or certain members of the House of Delegates who have taken up the matter with him will do the same thing.

Early developments in connection with the Virginia Polytechnic Institute are expected. In his recent statement to the public, Judge George L. Christian, of this city, indicated more or less positively that he would lay the case of his son, who was denied admission for alleged hasing, before the General Assembly.

Judge Christian is not prepared at this time to state his plans. Associated with him in this fight is United States Senator John W. Daniel, who is now preparing a statement that will shortly be made public. From what can be gathered this statement from Senator Daniel will not mince words, but will soundly denounce the V. P. I, authorities for their attitude in the Christian case. That it will attract the attention of the legislators now in session is unquestioned, coming from the source it does. legislators now in session is unques-tioned coming from the source it does. A well known senator referred to this matter last night in discussing the gen-

At Least Remarkable.

At Least Remarkable.

"I think the treatment Judge Christian and Senator Daniel received at the hands of the faculty and Board of Visitors of the V. P. I. was to say the least remarkable," he declared. "It was the greatest star-chamber proceeding I have ever heard of in my life. There should be an investigation of this matter, and there undoubtedly will be an investigation."

Senator Keezell, chairman of the Committee on Public Institutions and Education, said last night that he had heard nothing officially of an investigation of the two institutes. He expected to have a meeting of the committee this week for the consideration of the Anderson resolution calling for four small committees to inspect the public institutions of the State instead of the large committees heretofore regularly appointed.

This resolution, however, has no partents hearing upon the institutes. It